

that at one time he had been a shipping clerk in a big house or perhaps an electrician.

DEATH BOX IN HIS TRUNK.

His trunk reached the house the next day. It was a big, tin-covered affair with a round top. The box in which he stowed the infernal machine was undoubtedly in the trunk, because it was never taken into the house by itself. There was room in the trunk for the box and the small collection of clothing possessed by Rossio. He had only a few shirts, an overcoat and an overcoat that was too large for him. This overcoat he left behind when he left the house. It is of foreign make.

Although Rossio did not say so, it was apparent that he was either a French Canadian or an Italian Canadian. Occasionally during his first week at the house he talked with De Belmonte and the other guests. He showed that he knew all about the cities of Canada and the United States, being especially well acquainted in Montreal, Winnipeg, Chicago and New Orleans.

De Belmonte had not been in Chicago for eight years. Rossio said he had been there recently. He spoke of the House of David, which a few years ago was a gambling-house in South Clark street, and of other gambling-houses downtown. In answer to questions put by De Belmonte he displayed knowledge of events in the Windy City dating back several years.

LEFT TO COMPLETE THE PLOT.

At dinner on Monday a week ago—May 4—Rossio told Mrs. Currie that he was going to Washington on business, but wanted to hold his room. He paid for a week in advance and left the house the next morning. He did not return until Thursday morning, when he appeared at breakfast.

"Did you have a pleasant trip?" asked De Belmonte.

"Pleasant enough," replied Rossio, "but I didn't go for pleasure. I went on business."

He left the house after breakfast and did not show up again until about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when he drove up in a runabout drawn by a single horse. He tied the horse in front of the house and walking to the back of the vehicle took out two big packages wrapped in heavy manila paper of a light brown color. These packages were the two boxes of dynamite containing fifty pounds each.

Rossio was very careful with these packages. Mrs. Currie and her servant stood at the top of the stairs and laughed at him as he carried them across the sidewalk. Perspiration was pouring from his forehead. He carried one bundle in each hand, and went up the steps sideways, one step at a time.

"That's a heavy load you have," remarked Mrs. Currie.

"You bet it is," answered Rossio, with an attempt at a smile.

He put the dynamite in his room and drove away in the buggy, returning in time for dinner. This indicates that he hired the rig somewhere in Manhattan Borough, because he could not have gone far with it and returned at the time he did otherwise. He was quite cheerful at dinner.

FIXING UP THE INFERNAL MACHINE.

In the meantime he had been at work on the infernal machine nearly every day. He had been seen carrying a couple of small boxes into the house. With these he fixed the compartments for the dynamite in the lower part of the machine. The shelves for the clockwork and springs he constructed from the tray of this trunk, which he sawed up. The other boards knew that he had been sawing and hammering in his room a great deal, but paid no attention to it.

After luncheon on Friday Rossio went to the express stand of Patrick Rooney, at Thirtieth street and Ninth avenue. He found there a green wagon in charge of Peter Bathe and Joseph McCormick, employees of Rooney. They agreed to take 25 cents to haul the box to the Cunard line pier. He told them the box was in the second-story front room on the west side of Mrs. Currie's boarding-house at No. 366 West Thirty-first street. Before leaving the house he had told Mrs. Currie that the expressmen would call for the box.

They called for it and carried it downstairs with all the care and attention that an expressman usually manifests. When they got to the sidewalk they hurried the infernal machine with its 100 pounds of dynamite on the wagon and jumped aboard.

In Ninth avenue they met a youth named Carton, who rode with them to the pier. Bathe and Carton sat on the box and McCormick drove the horse. When they reached the pier the baggage man did not want to receive the box because it had no name on it, but finally consented to allow it to be stored there until the owner should arrive.

TRAGEDY THAT WAS POSSIBLE.

Had the box been refused it is probable that the expressmen would have taken it back to the boarding-house or to Rooney's stable. The possibilities had this action been taken make everybody on the block shiver when they think of it.

Rossio had dinner at the house Friday night and breakfast Saturday morning. After breakfast he disappeared.

Mrs. Currie had her suspicions on Sunday morning when she saw the pictures of the box in the newspapers, but she held her peace until Monday afternoon, when she went to clean up Rossio's room. De Belmonte passed through the hall while she was at work.

"I don't think my boarder is ever coming back," said Mrs. Currie nervously. "And I think that he made that Umbria infernal machine right in this room."

De Belmonte was all excitement. Together they searched the room. They found the three drawers in the closet stuffed with sawdust and shavings and the tray from the trunk standing behind the door with the bottom sawed out. In the closet was a pile of fifty or more newspapers from cities through the West and Canada, bearing dates in March and April; also a great pile of New York papers and a Century Magazine for May.

SHE FEARED THE NOTORIETY.

On a dresser were sailing lists and descriptive books issued by the Cunard, White Star and American lines. Pieces of a clock were found finally, and this seemed to be enough to warrant the positive assurance that Rossio was the man who made the infernal machine.

Mrs. Currie at first did not want to notify the police. She had rented the house in ignorance of the fact that it was formerly the policy headquarters of "Al" Adams, and feared that the exposure would ruin her. Finally, like a sensible woman, she concluded that it would all come out some time probably and gave De Belmonte authority to notify the police.

They went first to Headquarters, reaching the Detective Bureau about 8 o'clock. Inspector McClusky was not around, and the story was told to a detective sergeant, who hurried to the boarding house. After a cursory examination he was convinced that the trail had been struck, and started out after McClusky, who reached the house at 10 o'clock. The inspector made a minute examination, cautioned all in the house to keep quiet and started his men on the trail of Rossio.

The trunk was looked when the detectives took charge of the case. The lock was forced. In the trunk were some shirts, a pair of drawers and a small camera. In a waste basket in the room was a receipt showing that Rossio had made a purchase in a Washington dry-goods store on Monday and a piece of paper on which was written:

"Noble pas de tout case."

This was written in the style of penmanship peculiar to Frenchmen. Roughly translated it means: "Bear in mind every detail of the business." WASHINGTON, May 13.—The Washington police were notified to-day that Rossio, the dynamiter, spent May 5 and 6 in this city and are now trying to get some track of him. Several detectives are on the case, but have found nothing as yet.

STRIKE MEANS HUNGER FOR DENVER.

Most of the Restaurants Closed and Butchers and Bakers Are Called Out.

DENVER, May 13.—Two hundred waiters and 600 butchers were called out to strike this morning by the Denver Food Council. Nearly all the restaurants in the city are closed. The stock yards and many of the meat markets are also closed. The Food Council also called out the butchers and bakers.

KEEPS STEWART BUILDING.

The Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners at its stated meeting this afternoon approved of a renewal of a lease for quarters in the Stewart building occupied by the Finance Department. City Chamberlain, Commissioner of Accounts, Commissioner of Finance and other departments for a term of one year at a total rental of \$225.00.

ROSSIO, MAKER OF THE INFERNAL MACHINE SENT TO THE UMBRIA.



Noble pas de tout case

This picture is drawn from an accurate description given by Mr. Henry De Belmonte, who boarded in the same house as the dynamiter. Mr. De Belmonte sat beside the artist who made the sketch and he declares it is an excellent likeness.

The inscription under the cut was written on a scrap of paper found in Rossio's room. It means, "Bear in mind every detail of the business."

SUBWAY STRIKE STILL GOES ON.

(Continued from First Page.)

and cabinet makers. By the terms of the agreement, which is to last for a year, all disputes are to be referred to an arbitration committee, which is provided for, and in case of a sympathetic strike being ordered, the question of going out is to be referred to the arbitration committee.

While the Amalgamated men are still employed on many jobs the action of to-day puts them out of work, and the brotherhood men, who have been out because the two unions could not work in harmony, will go back to work.

So far as the men in the building trades are concerned, the bosses might as well say to them that they are locked out pending a thorough organization of all the employers of labor, the beginning of which was the call sent out for the meeting of employers on Friday next.

Organizing Against Unions.

At this meeting the men who are the largest employers in the building trades union will tell their co-employers that the time has come when they must organize to fight the unions, and that the Amalgamated men, acting alone, is unable to cope with a strike because of the strength of organized labor in the building trades. That this argument for a protective association of employers will meet with the approval of at least 90 per cent of the employers is generally conceded among the employees of the building trades.

Every move of the building trades employers will be met by the workmen. While the employers have been planning to so force matters that the recognition of unions will be a thing of the past, the men have been strengthening their lines. They have made a careful canvass of the employers and claim that while the builders will have 90 per cent of the employers, the outside 10 per cent of the men in the trade on emergency work and that with this 25 per cent at work and the present state of the finances of the union they will be able to hold out.

"It is going to be our stomachs after a few weeks against the pocketbooks of

the contractors," said a labor leader. "Our stomachs are used to being pinched occasionally, but can the men with building contracts to finish that have forfeited clauses in them hold out?"

Unions Are Firm.

"The fight is for recognition of the unions. The bosses propose to force us to sign down our throats and for us." In a fight of this character there is never but one outcome—capital gets hungrier for interest than a workman's stomach does for food. The bosses are making the issue and we will accept it.

The employers' side of the great fight is different. They say that petty annoyances and sympathetic labor strikes have been so frequent that the toleration of such conditions means ruin for them, and makes them subservient to the men. They say they can work on their jobs only when the unions decide, and must shut down whenever the walking delegate, with a big fat cigar in his mouth and his hands in his pockets, comes along and, with a shake of his head, orders the men to stop working.

War Was Inevitable.

The bosses, they say, were willing to go to any length to keep the carpenters at work, but they wouldn't work together, so, having a contract with the Amalgamated men, they decided to live up to their contract. No matter which side the bosses employed, it was a certainty they say, that the other faction would have put up a wild cry for other trades to follow them.

The struggle which is now on, and which is a fight to the finish for the recognition of unionism by the men is growing in bitterness. By Saturday the men expect the bosses to issue a statement. They are waiting for this action to see how far they propose to go. In the meantime the outside country is being sounded by the unions and workmen in the building trades are being warned to stay away from New York. Many outside unions are offering financial support to the army of the unemployed here.

LOW ENJOYING HIMSELF.

Mayor in Virginia and Not Certain When He Will Return.

SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.

NORFOLK, Va., May 13.—Mayor Seth Low, of New York, arrived here to-day on his yacht Surprise, which, after coasting and taking on fresh provisions, returned at once to Hampton Roads. Mayor Low looks well, and while waiting for the yacht to sail back to New York, he is having a glorious trip.

The Mayor will go up the James River and visit Colonial points, including Yorktown, Jamestown, Williamsburg, Shirley and other historic spots. He has been heard from at Richmond, Va. He had long-distance telephone conversation with New York while here.

Are you reading the story on the magazine page?

ASPHALT WAR IN COURT.

Barber Company Seeks to Restrain the City from Using "Bitulithic" Material in Paving Upper Seventh Avenue.

The legal war over Borough President Cantor's pet scheme of paving Seventh avenue for ten blocks above Central Park with a newly patented pavement known as "bitulithic" asphalt, was fought out before Supreme Court Justice O'Gorman to-day. Decision was reserved.

The matter was brought into court on an application by L. Laflin Kellogg, in behalf of the Barber Asphalt Company, for an injunction forbidding the city and President Cantor to advertise for bids on specifications which called for "bitulithic" pavement.

Mr. Kellogg contended that as this material was patented, only one concern could furnish it, and that would be confining the work to a monopoly, against the provisions of the charter. Assistant Corporation Counsel Chase, opposing the injunction, said that under stipulation with the city the many factors of the new process must supply the "bitulithic" material to the paving contractors who become successful bidders at not more than \$1.40 a square yard, which would be a little more than the price paid to the contractor for Fifth avenue paving, and the same ten blocks in 1891, which cost the city \$2.75 a yard, and the "bitulithic" here would be sold at \$1.40 a yard, a yard for paving Broadway from Fourteenth to Forty-second street to the Barber Asphalt Company, which was a member of the Asphalt Trust.

BARREL MYSTERY IS RECALLED.

Lupo, One of Suspects Arrested for Murder, Reported Too Ill to Plead to Charge of Counterfeiting.

There was mild excitement in the Criminal Branch of the United States Circuit Court, before Judge Edward R. Thomas, this afternoon when the name of Ignazio Lupo was called and he did not respond.

Lupo was one of the men arrested by Inspector McClusky in connection with the barrel murder mystery, and who, when discharged from custody on suspicion of being implicated in that crime, was rearrested by Secret-Service officers on a charge of counterfeiting.

Former Assistant District Attorney Le Barbier, Lupo's counsel, stated that his client was suffering from rheumatism, but would certainly appear and plead on Monday next.

Judge Thomas put into practice to-day the announcement made some time ago to the effect that persons arraigned before him for Federal offenses and who pleaded guilty would receive a lighter sentence than those who stood trial. Lupo was convicted on the charge of being a counterfeiter, and was given a probationary sentence of five years.

A batch of stokers and sailors, who have been arrested from time to time by the revenue officers for smuggling Sumatra tobacco, pleaded guilty, and each was sentenced to the Kings County penitentiary for three months.

When the name of William Scully was called, Judge Thomas said that in view of the prevalence of tobacco smuggling among the sailors, he proposed in the future to impose the full limit prescribed by law.

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HER LIFE SAVED BY CLOTHESLINES.

Woman Fell from Fifth Floor Fire-Escape and Only Injury Was a Fractured Wrist.

Margaret Igoo, forty-three years old, fell from the fire-escape on the fifth floor of the tenement at No. 296 First avenue this afternoon and was only slightly injured, receiving a fracture of the wrist.

Mr. Igoo was arranging plants on the fire-escape, and stepped back to survey them. In doing so she lost her footing and fell back over the railing. That she was not killed is due to the fact that she fell through a netting for the yacht to catch her, and the force of her descent. She weighs 170 pounds.

CROWD IN BROADWAY SAW HIM RUN DOWN.

O. G. Brown Severely Injured as He Attempted to Board Car at Gilesey House.

A great crowd of men and women who were passing along both sides of Broadway near the Gilesey House this afternoon saw O. G. Brown, of No. 207 West Forty-fourth street, knocked down by a car and seriously injured.

Mr. Brown and a friend attempted to board an open Broadway car. The friend succeeded in getting on, but Mr. Brown lost his footing just as the car started forward and was thrown on his head. He received a great cut on the scalp and a fractured skull.

He was taken to the New York Hospital. His skull was probably fractured.

DENY SALE OF PROPERTY.

Cortlandt Street Business Men Put an End to False Reports.

Several firms on the south side of Cortlandt street, between Washington and West, have signed a circular letter asking for a denial of published statements that property in that block had been sold.

The firms include Jeffreys & Co., Telfer, Daniels & Co., Louis Dursing, Daniel H. Sands, Paul Bros., Jacob Jacobson, the Fidelity Trust Co., and Goldwater and Bernard Kreiser.

Are you reading the story on the magazine page?

CIVIC BOARD IN STRIKE COUNCIL.

Members of the National Federation Gather Here to Discuss Turbulent Labor Conditions and Suggest Remedies.

Members of the Arbitration Committee of the National Civic Federation met to-day in the rooms of the organization at No. 281 Fourth avenue. It was the regular semi-annual meeting of the committee.

It was announced that the labor situation throughout the country would be discussed generally, but that the local labor situation would not be touched on, except possibly in an incidental way. Local labor troubles belong to the province of the New York Civic Federation, which is a branch of the National body.

The meeting was called to order by United States Senator Hanna, of Ohio, and those present were Archbishop Ireland, Oscar S. Straus, President Eliot, of Harvard University; Lewis Nixon, Col. John McCook, F. D. Underwood, Spencer Trask, W. F. Mahon, James Duncan, Cornelius N. Bliss, D. J. Keefe, Charles H. Taylor and Ralph M. Easley, the Secretary of the national organization.

The Executive Committee adjourned at 2 o'clock for the day. Secretary Easley said that nothing of importance had been done, except to suggest two amendments to the by-laws. The committee will report to-night at the dinner given to the National Federation by the Local Federation.

The Executive Committee received a communication from David R. Francis, president of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis, in which he asked the National Civic Federation to hold its 1904 meeting in St. Louis. He told the committee that one day during the exposition would be set aside as "National Civic Federation Day." The invitation was accepted.

Senator Hanna, in the adjournment, said: "All the reports of the work done since last meeting, in September, are most favorable. We have local branches in New York, Chicago and St. Louis. We are establishing branches in Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Detroit, Buffalo, Boston and Cleveland. There was no discussion of local troubles at the meeting to-day."

KENNEDY HELD FOR M'MAHON'S MURDER.

Only Two Witnesses Were Examined To-Day, but He Was Committed Without Bail.

Daniel J. Kennedy, of No. 135 West Ninety-ninth street, who was arrested in connection with the killing of James McMahon, of No. 288 West One Hundred and Fifty-third street, brother of ex-Police Judge McMahon, on the morning of May 11, was rearrested in Morrisania Court before Magistrate Flammner to-day for further examination.

Two witnesses were examined. Mrs. Daniel McKenzie, the wife of the janitor of the house where McMahon lived, testified that she was awakened about 8 o'clock by a noise, but thought it was the horses in a rear stable.

George Michael, a tenant in the house, also was awakened and heard angry voices. He swore that one of the voices was like that of Kennedy.

Lawyer Moore, of Cantwell & Moore, defended Kennedy. He said that Kennedy would not plead to the charge until time. Magistrate Flammner held Kennedy without bail for action by the Grand Jury.



Fine Work in \$15.00 Clothing.

You make your selection from the largest stock of patterns ever carried by a tailoring concern. You say how you want the clothes fashioned; you have them made in CLEAN WORK ROOMS ON THE PREMISES BY SKILLED MEN TAILORS, securing fit and workmanship of the highest order, and you pay \$15.00 for suit or overcoat from STRICTLY WOOL GOODS ONLY.

We were the first concern to make \$15.00 clothes a great specialty, and we have carried them to the HIGHEST POINT OF PERFECTION.

Cohen & Co.

ENTIRE BUILDING. N. W. Cor. Nassau & Ann Sts. Look to at the windows for specimen Garments and Fabrics.

FOR 25 YEARS NEW ENGLAND'S FAVORITE. MADE 7-20-4 CIGARETTES. N.Y. distributor, Albert H. Hillman, 94 Park row. R. G. SULLIVAN, MFR., MANCHESTER, N. H.

DIED.

SEGRAVE—ROSEANNA SEGRAVE, beloved wife of Nicholas Segrave, in her 60th year. Funeral from her late residence, No. 417 West Fifty-fourth street, on Thursday, May 14.

Laundry Wants—Male.

WANTED—Experienced man in wash-room; also man as helper. Troy Steam Laundry, 10 and 18 Broadway, New York.

SHIRT IRONER—Experienced shirt ironer. Apply to run errands in laundry. Columbia Laundry, 180 9th ave.

SHIRT IRONER—Experienced family ironer. Apply to run errands in laundry. Columbia Laundry, 180 9th ave.

Are you reading the story on the magazine page?

H.O'Neil & Co.

Men's Office Coats and Bath Robes At Special Prices For Thursday.

(Second Floor.)

MEN'S ALPACA COATS, sizes 34 to 44 chest, regular value \$30.00; at..... \$1.98
MEN'S BLUE SERGE SKELETON COATS, sizes 34 to 44 chest, regular value \$4.50; at..... \$2.98
MEN'S IMPORTED TURKISH TOWELLING BATH ROBES in a large variety of patterns, all sizes, regular price \$4.50; at..... \$3.48

Corset Department.

(Second Floor.)

All Corsets Fitted That Sell From \$1.00 Up.

SELF-REDUCING CORSETS—All stout figures should be fitted to a pair of these popular corsets. They have the new abdominal straps and every pair is guaranteed, sizes 19 to 36, price per pair..... \$2.50

"RED FERN" CORSETS—All the latest Spring and Summer models—deep hip, bias gore, straight front—in French Coutill, Batiste and Black Italian cloth, all sizes, upward from..... \$2.50

"LA VIDA" CORSETS—We are the sole selling agents for New York—every pair warranted and fitted free of charge—fancy and novelty materials, black, white and drab, sizes 18 to 36; upward from..... \$3.75

Notions at Little Prices.

(First Floor—Rear.)

Light-weight DRESS SHIELDS, sizes 3 and 4, usual price 12c; pair; at..... 8c

Pure Gum double covered DRESS SHIELDS, sizes 3 and 4, 10c; usual price 20c; pair; at..... 10c

Silk Chiffon COLLAR FOUNDATIONS, usual price 19c; each; at..... 12 1/2c

500-yard Spool BASTING COTTON, usual price 5c; per spool; at..... 3c

Hook-On HOSE SUPPORTERS, all colors, usual price 25c; pair; at..... 19c

FEATHER-STITCHED BRAID, large variety of patterns, usual price 10c; per piece; at..... 5c

Indestructible pearl head LACE PINS, usual price 10c; per dozen; at..... 5c

100-yard Spool Black SEWING SILK, usual price 9c; per spool; at..... 5c

Mohair Tubular SHOE LACES, usual price 10c; per dozen; at..... 5c

GLACE BELTING, 9-yard pieces; usual price 15c; per piece; at..... 11c

Stationery Department.

2,000 lbs. Waldorf-Astoria Vellum, excellent quality Writing Paper, usual price 25c; at, per lb..... 12c

Envelopes to match, per package..... 5c

Special Prices for High-Class Engraving.

Plate and Fifty Cards in Script..... 74c

Plate and Fifty Cards in Block..... \$1.59

Plate and Fifty Cards in Plain Old English..... \$1.59

Plate and Fifty Cards in Shaded Old English..... \$2.75

Special Attention Given To Wedding Invitations, Announcements and "At Home" Cards.

Rose Bushes—4 for 25c.

(Basement.)

We offer a shipment just received of Fine Rose Bushes, grown on own root, packed 4 in a package—choice varieties—a rambler in each package. These bushes are carefully packed in earth and kept damp—directions for planting in each package—complete package of 4 bushes. 25c. Any one of the bushes is worth 25c.

Sixth Avenue, 20th to 21st Street.

Laundry Wants—Female.

EXPERT SHAPERS to fold collars by hand. Hancock Laundry, 218 West 42d st.

FAMILY IRONERS, experienced; also plain ironing; \$4 to \$9 per week. Apply Pineapple st. entrance, Hotel St. George, Brooklyn.

FAMILY IRONER, experienced; steady work. Apply to run errands in laundry. Columbia Laundry, 180 9th ave.

FAMILY IRONER wanted who can body shirts; \$1.00 day. Mohawk Laundry, 202 Prince st.

SHIRT IRONER, first class; steady work. Domestic Laundry, 121 W. 10th st.

SHIRT IRONER, first class; also family ironer. Apply to run errands in laundry. Columbia Laundry, 180 9th ave.

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